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Day 2 agenda

08.30 - 09.30	Guest speaker	Norman Chan, HKMA
09.30 - 10.00	Asia strategy	Jaspal Bindra
10.00 – 10.15	Tea & coffee break	
10.30 – 11.00	Korea	Ajay Kanwal, Gregg Powell
11.00 – 11.45	Q&A	
11.45 – 12.45	Lunch	
12.45 – 13.10	Greater China overview	Ben Hung
13:10 – 13:50	Hong Kong	May Tan, Jamie Ling
13:50 – 14:30	China	Jerry Zhang, Yee Mann Hau, Xie Wen
14:30 – 15:00	Q&A	
15.00 – 15.15	Tea & coffee break	
15.15 – 15.55	Offshore RMB deep dive	Gene Kim
15.55 – 16.00	Wrap-up	Jaspal Bindra
16:30 – 17:30	Grand opening of Forum	Officiated by John Tsang, HKSAR
19:00 – 22:30	Race night and dinner	



What will you hear on Day 2

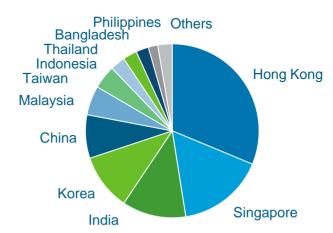
- Where we are today in each of our key regions in Asia
- Opportunities and challenges
- How are we competitively positioned
- How client segment / product priorities are executed on the ground
- How we are positioning to return to sustainable, profitable growth



2014 performance in Asia

US\$m	H1 13	H2 13	H1 14	YoY%	НоН%
Income	6,780	6,108	6,373	(6)	4
Expenses	(3,463)	(3,393)	(3,435)	1	(1)
Working profit	3,317	2,715	2,938	(11)	8
Total impairment	(621)	(790)	(795)	(28)	(1)
Associates	111	113	113	2	0
Operating profit	2,807	2,038	2,256	(20)	11

H1 14 Asia income (US\$6.4bn)



Income growth by regions 2006

Greater China

North East Asia

ASEAN

South Asia





Reflecting headwinds

Structural

- Increased regulatory complexities and requirements
- Increased competition local, regional and international

Cyclical

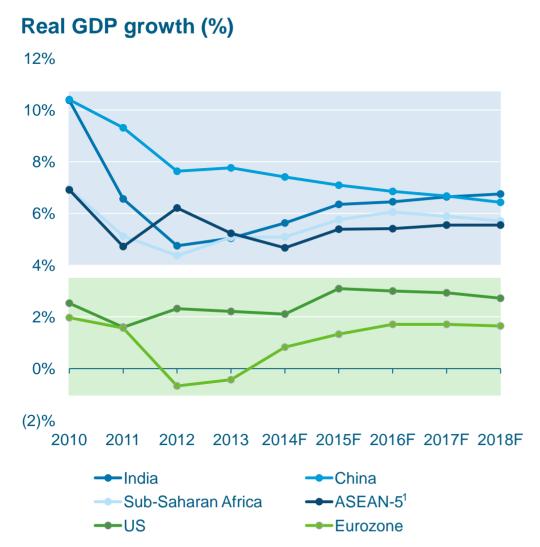
- Emerging market sentiment
- Record low interest rates
- Margin compression from abundance of liquidity
- Slowdown in global trade growth

Internal

- De-risking Personal Loans portfolio
- Muted balance sheet growth
- Talent



Asia macro overview



Asia remains exciting

- Resilient growth, well above US/Europe
- Emerging affluent middle class
- Favourable demographics in growth markets
- Deepening financial markets
- Changing trade patterns

But near term uncertainties

- China's economy in transition
- Oil price movements
- Global monetary policy
- Changing political landscape
- Regulatory uncertainty

Source: IMF, October 2014

Notes: GDP - Gross Domestic Product; 1) Composed of 5 countries: Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam



Regional overview

	Greater China	North East Asia	ASEAN	South Asia
Staff*	~19,000	~5,900	~22,000	~22,000
Outlets	276	314	134	172
H1 14 income (US\$bn)	2.8	0.7	1.9	1.0
H1 14 profits (US\$bn)	1.2	(0.1)	0.7	0.5





Strategic priorities and actions

Priority #1: Sustain Greater China momentum

- Intensify network collaboration to capitalise on Greater China opportunities
- Strengthen market leadership in RMB
- Capture opportunities from China's reform agenda

Priority #2: Position as the leading international bank for Korea

- Continue to grow capabilities to service Korean corporates overseas
- Re-shape domestic business to desired scale; exit non-core business

Priority #3: Position for greater ASEAN integration

- Accelerate inter and intra regional collaboration; Leverage AEC* 2015
- Leverage Singapore as regional financial hub
- Scale up priority markets of Indonesia, Malaysia

Priority #4: Leverage our leading South Asia position

- Focus on trade and investment corridors.
- Position for economic recovery and increased FDI in India

Priority #5: Strategically drive people agenda, improve bench and address attrition

- Focus on capacity and capability building
- Improve efficiency and productivity

Note: AEC – ASEAN Economic Community



Key messages

- 2014 performance has been disappointing, including Asia
- Reflecting primarily cyclical and internal challenges
- We remain confident of our markets and our competitive positioning
- We have sharpened our focus leveraging our strengths, mitigating our weaknesses
- We are taking action to return to sustainable, profitable growth







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Key messages

- Korea is a significant economy with steady growth
- The banking market has become challenged
- 2014 performance has been disappointing
- We are driving our refreshed strategy to
 - Reshape the Korea franchise with strong execution
 - ✓ Play to our strengths i.e. network, wealth
- Remains challenging but we are taking action







Korea

√ 13th largest GDP in the world

✓ 8th largest exporter in the world

✓ China is no.1 trading partner with a trade volume of US\$189bn

✓ Rich population with per capita GDP of US\$26k

- 2nd highest smart phone penetration
- 3rd highest wireless broadband subscription

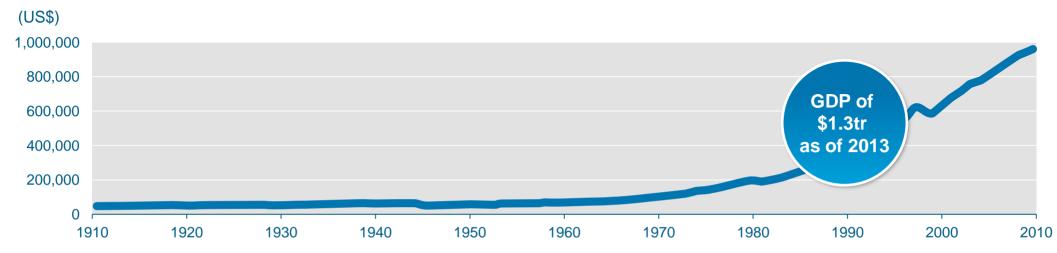
Banking Wallet

Network Income

RMB opportunities

Wealth Management

Mobile Banking



Source: Korea National Statistics office; Korea International Trade Association



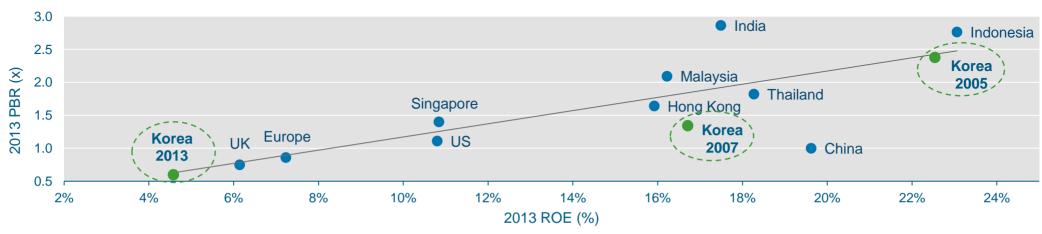
Korea – Competitive landscape

Peer performance - H1 2014

	Standard Chartered		Other banks in Korea				
Income (US\$bn)	0.6	0.7	2.7	2.2	2.5	1.5	1.4
PBT (US\$bn)	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.3
Assets (US\$bn)	58	53	264	249	243	170	115
FTE ('000)	5	3	21	15	14	9	8

Source: FSS, six months KIFRS basis, main banking entity only

2013 Banking sector ROE and PBR forecasts



Source: Company, Bloomberg, FactSet, Standard Chartered Research estimates, PBR: Price to Book ratio



Korea – H1 14 results

US\$m	H1 13	H2 13	H1 14	H1 14 vs H1 13 (%)	H1 14 vs H2 13 (%)
Income ¹	898	665	669	(26)	1
Expenses	(549)	(571)	(587)	(7)	(3)
Operating profit before impairment	349	94	82	(77)	(13)
Loan impairment	(193)	(234)	(209)	(8)	11
Other impairment ²	(19)	(10)	-	nm	nm
Profit before tax ¹	137	(150)	(127)	nm	16

¹⁾ Excluding OCA adjustment; 2) Excluding goodwill impairment of \$1bn H1 2013



Reshaping Korea

What didn't go well

- Loan Impairment led by PDRS¹ filings
- Financial Markets income performance
- Regulatory issue
- Productivity
- Capital efficiency

What did go well

- Disciplined headcount management
- Progress on corporate restructuring
- RMB thought leadership
- Branch network optimisation
- Network business





Our refreshed strategy

- 1 Sharpen our focus
- Exit off-strategy businesses
- De-risk the unsecured books
- Productivity initiatives
 - Tight headcount management
 - Sales productivity
 - Optimize property
- Reshape balance sheet

- 2 Play to our strengths
- Drive network income
- One Bank
 - Employee Banking
 - Supply Chain Finance
- Build Wealth Management
- Form strategic alliances
- Rebuild Financial Markets
- Build RMB business



Corporate and Institutional Clients

H1 13	H1 14	YoY%
305	180	(41)
(123)	(127)	(3)
182	53	(71)
(17)	(2)	nm
(19)	nm	nm
146	51	(65)

Segment overview

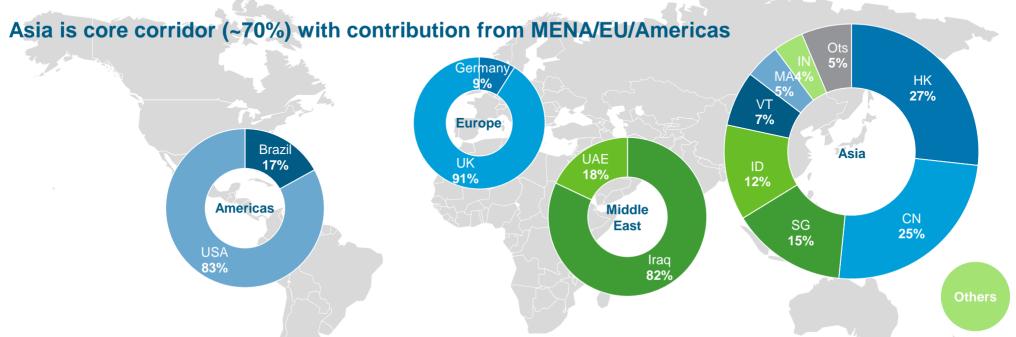
- Focused on cross border, network income
- Financial Markets, market leadership on multiple fronts

Strategic priorities

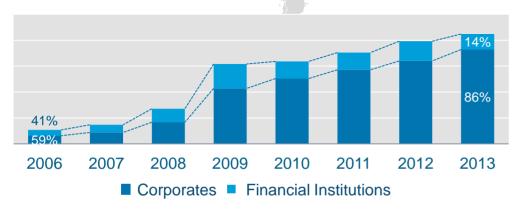
- Continue to build out the Global Corporates and Local Corporates segments
- Diversify Financial Markets product offering and client base
- RMB as a key differentiator
- Invest into network opportunities; expand into new corridors e.g. UK, and continuously build the Korea desk network



Korea – Network business 2014



Korea network income



- Network business predominantly driven by GC (61%).
 LC stepping up its contribution
- Healthy product mix in network (CF: 31%, FM 22%, TB: 36%, Lending: 11%)
- Field Account Managers (FAM)
- Deployment of Korean FAM and products into network has been a key enabler



Commercial Clients

US\$m
Income
Expenses
Working profit
Loan impairment
Other impairment
Profit before tax

H1 13	H1 14	YoY%
50	33	(34)
(44)	(41)	7
6	(8)	nm
(8)	(22)	nm
nm	nm	nm
(2)	(30)	nm

Segment overview

- Newly established on 1 April 2014
- Around 4,400 clients
- Legacy lending book being managed

Strategic priorities

- Upgrade the skill set of our Relationship Managers and increase overall numbers
- Move away from plain vanilla lending and reduce Commercial Real Estate
- Position relationship as the main trade/FX bank rather than main lending bank
- Move focus to onboard export-focused companies



Retail Clients

US\$m
Income
Expenses
Working profit
Loan impairment
Other impairment
Profit before tax

H1 13	H1 14	YoY%
533	456	(14)
(372)	(419)	(13)
161	37	(77)
(168)	(185)	(10)
-	-	nm
(7)	(148)	nm

Segment overview

- 301 branches and 2,499 ATMs
- Around 4m clients; 2.5m digital banking clients
- Largest Retail Clients infrastructure for Group

Strategic priorities

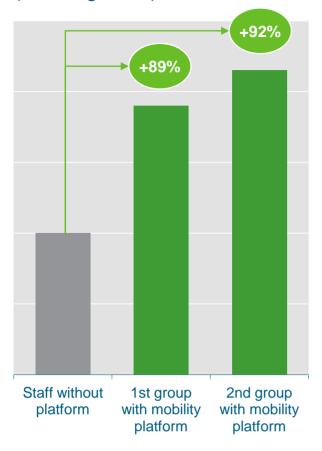
- Accelerate existing High Value Segment strategy through realigning resources and strengthening Customer Value Proposition
- Continue to grow personal clients leveraging employee banking and alliances
- Build superior digital support tools for frontline and customers



Mobility Platform

Mobility Platform results

Total no of retail products sold (Jul-Aug 2014)



Identify needs
Start conversation with key financial needs based on the customer's life stage

Age 25~30 Age 30~40 Age 40~50 Age 50~ Others

Consults with Statistics and Simulation



Offer bundle based on needs

Wedding Education

Make offers based on conversation

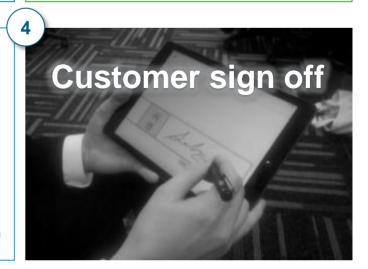
Home



Check Card

Retirement Others

- CASA
- TD
- Credit Card
- Mortgage
- Unsecured Loan





Balance sheet and risk

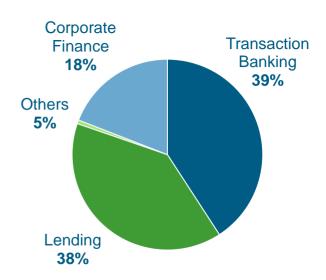
Retail Clients

Consumer Finance & other Others WM 9% 2% Transaction Mortgage 1 % Banking 62% Other retail 25% lending 4% **CCPL** 24% Lending

73%

Commercial Clients





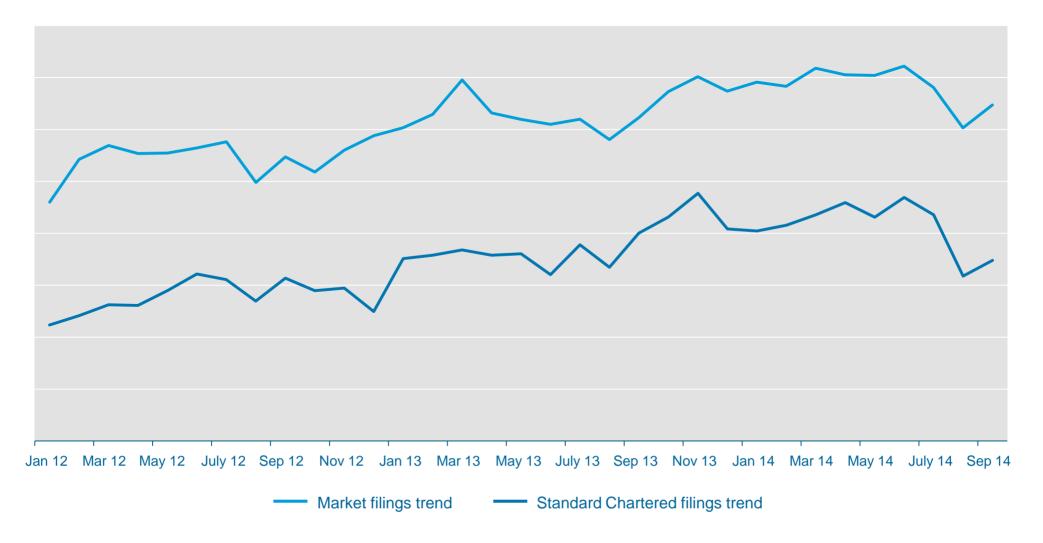
- AD ratio improved to 83% in H1 2014 from 118% in 2009
- Strong capital position

Note: Korea financials as of June 2014



Personal Debt Rehabilitation Scheme

PDRS filing trend (Market and SCBK)

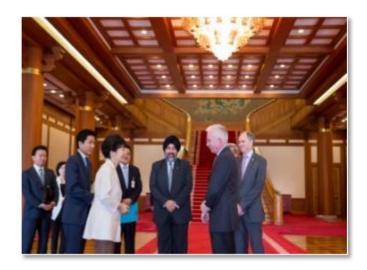




Key messages

- Korea is a significant economy with steady growth
- The banking market has become challenged
- 2014 performance has been disappointing
- We are driving our refreshed strategy to
 - Reshape the Korea franchise with strong execution
 - ✓ Play to our strengths i.e. network, wealth
- Remains challenging but we are taking action









Q&A





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Key messages

- Exciting region with growing proportion of world GDP
- Positive progress on Greater China strategy, more to achieve
- Notwithstanding near term challenges, China's liberalisation presents favourable opportunities
- Regional alignment on capabilities, people and priorities key to seizing opportunities



Greater China overview

Market	Hong Kong	China	Taiwan
Population (m)	7	1,361	23
GDP ¹ (US\$bn)	274	9,469	489
GDP per capita (US\$)	37,955	6,959	20,925
FDI ² /ODI ³ (US\$bn)	77/92	124/101	4/14
Trade (US\$bn)	803	3,924	670
% of foreign banks ⁴ (total assets)	93%	2%	12%

Standard Chartered

2013 PBT (US\$m)	1,920	273	138
Outlet	84	104	88
Staff	~7,000	~7,100	~3,800

Source: IMF, UNCTAD, CBRC, FSC

Info as of 2013: 1) Gross Domestic Product; 2) Foreign Direct Investment; 3) Overseas Direct Investment; 4) Includes foreign-owned and mainland-owned banks



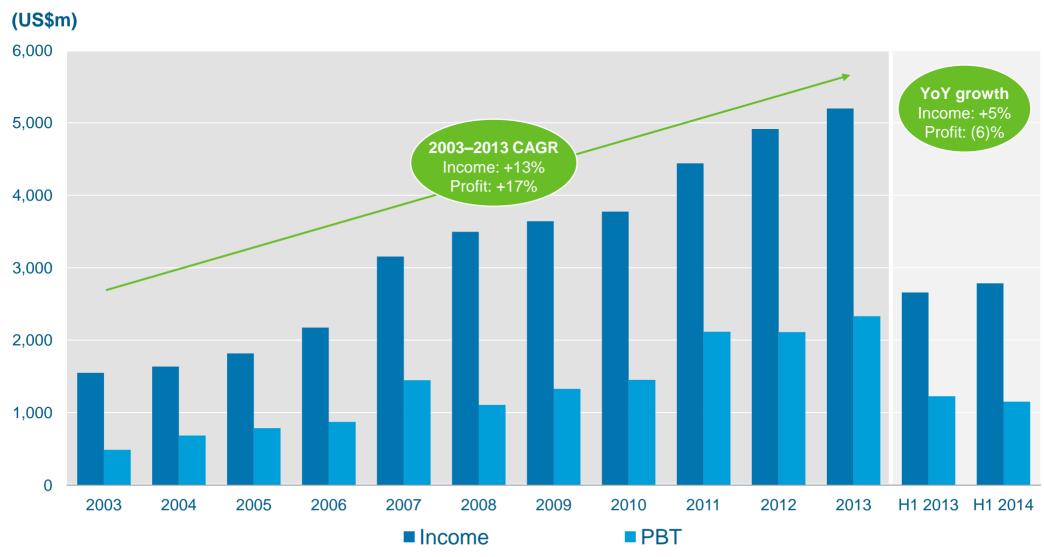
Macro economic overview

Q2 2014 (5-year average)	Hong Kong	China	Taiwan
GDP growth	1.8% (2.7%)	7.5% (8.9%)	3.7% (3.3%)
Trade growth	4.8% (6.5%)	3.3% (12.1%)	3.3% (6.6%)
Unemployment rate	3.1% (3.9%)	4.1% (4.1%)	4.0% (4.8%)
Inflation rate	3.6% (3.3%)	2.2% (2.6%)	1.6% (0.8%)

- Noticeable step change in China's pace of reform since new leadership
- Near term economic moderation traded off for longer term sustainable growth
- Plethora of liberalisation measures changing regional banking landscape



Income and profit trend



Note: Figures exclude own credit adjustment



Financial performance

US\$m

Income

Hong Kong

China

Taiwan

Expenses

Working profit

Total Impairment

Profit from associates & joint ventures

Profit before tax

H1 13	H2 13	H1 14	YoY (%)	HoH (%)
2,659	2,539	2,785	5	10
1,929	1,796	1,992	3	11
448	<i>4</i> 86	515	15	6
282	257	278	(1)	8
(1,384)	(1,388)	(1,410)	(2)	(2)
1,275	1,151	1,375	8	19
(121)	(120)	(307)	nm	nm
73	73	84	15	15
1,227	1,104	1,152	(6)	4

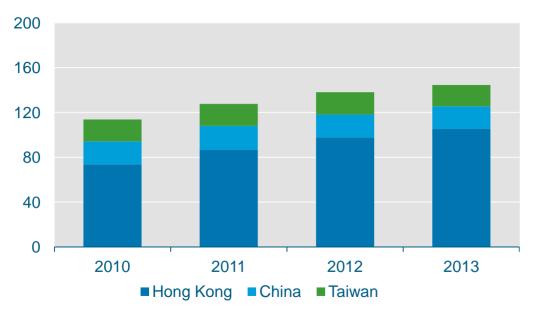
Note: Operating income excludes own credit adjustment



Balance sheet

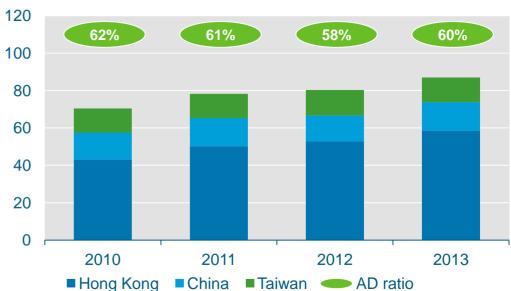
Customer deposits

2010-2013 CAGR 8% (US\$bn)



Customer loans

2010-2013 CAGR 7% (US\$bn)

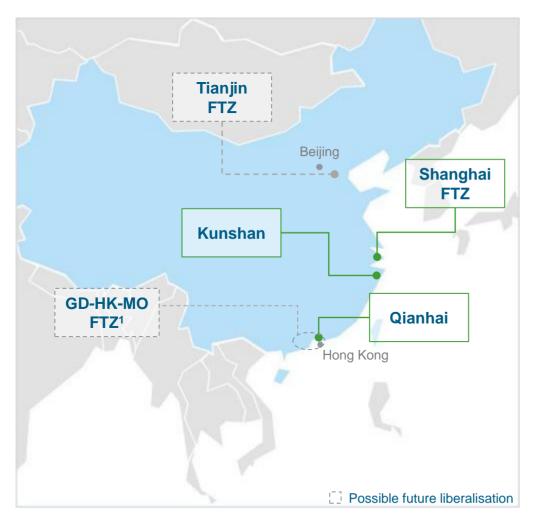


- Conservative and disciplined balance sheet
- RMB changing dynamics
- China's opening up giving rise to optimisation opportunities
- Interest rate rise a benefit



Strategy alignment with China's reform development

Development of economic zones/financial hubs



Financial reforms

- Liberalise interest rates
- Encourage greater 2-way flow of funds
- Testing of free trade zones
- Capital account opening

Trends and implications

- RMB as G4 currency
- Flow of mainland wealth
- Regional treasury centre
- Growth in asset management/private wealth

¹⁾ Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Free Trade Zone



Strategic priorities and near term actions

Strategic priorities

- Drive regional collaboration to capture network opportunities
- Capture mainland wealth
- Strengthen market leadership in RMB
- Drive discipline in balance sheet and risk management
- Build talent bench

Near term actions

- Containment on higher risk areas
- Stay invested but create capacity through cost discipline
- Position for policy relaxations through intensified connectivity
- Capture and deliver reorganisation benefits



Case in point – Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect



- Major step in capital account liberalisation
- Crucial bridge between global investors and 1.3 billion mainland savers
- One-bank strategy to capture opportunities



Taiwan

US\$m	H1 13	H2 13	H1 14	YoY (%)	HoH (%)
Income	282	257	278	(1)	8
Expenses	175	178	173	1	3
Working profit	107	79	105	(2)	33
Impairments	(28)	(20)	(14)	50	30
Profit before tax	79	59	91	15	54

Strategic priorities

- Grow client franchise in particular high net worth segments and commercial clients
- Optimise balance sheet
- Capture growing China-Taiwan economic linkages





Key messages

- Exciting region with growing proportion of world GDP
- Positive progress on Greater China strategy, more to achieve
- Notwithstanding near term challenges, China's liberalisation presents favourable opportunities
- Regional alignment on capabilities, people and priorities key to seizing opportunities





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Key messages

- Well established franchise
- Resilient and diversified income base
- Balance sheet and network collaboration a competitive advantage
- China slowdown creates near term challenges but long term prospects remain intact
- Greater China opportunities and collaboration underpin future growth





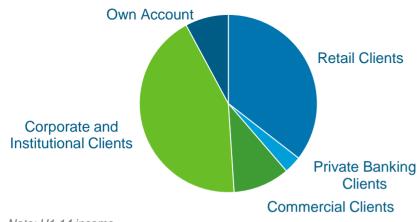


Our Hong Kong franchise

Deep rooted franchise

- 155 years of history Oldest note issuing bank
- Rotating Chairman bank of HKAB
- Diversified income streams
- Robust balance sheet
- Deep embedded client relationships
- Market share gain since crisis

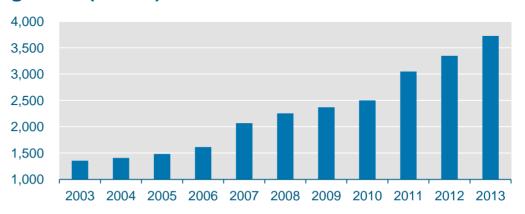
Track record of client focus



Note: H1 14 income HKAB: Hong Kong Association of Banks

Standard Chartered

Consistent delivery – Unbroken record of income growth (US\$m)



Diversified product mix



Macro overview

GDP growth (%)



Export growth (%)



Near term challenges

- Slowing China
- Political environment
- Low interest rate environment.

Unemployment (%)



Property price index



Resilient fundamentals

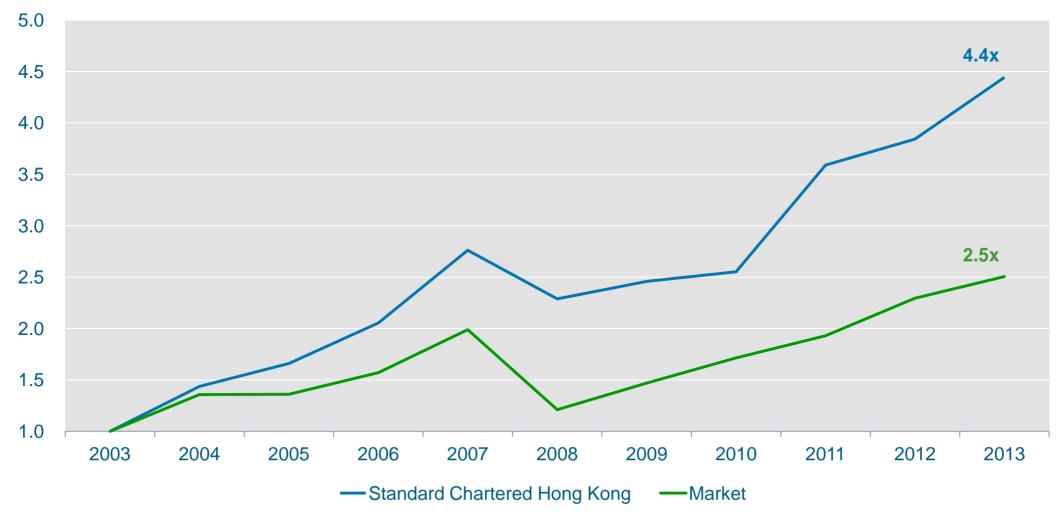
- Unemployment at 16 year low
- Property price stable, low LTVrobust underlying demand
- Well positioned to benefit from further China liberalisation
- US recovery to benefit exports

Note: Data up to June 2014



Gaining market share

PBT growth of 10 key commercial banks since 2003



Source: Annual reports of ten key commercial banks in Hong Kong



Opportunities

- 1 RMB internationalisation
- 2 Mainland investment and wealth flow

3 Greater China collaboration



- Deliver financial performance sustain momentum
- Strengthen resilience of franchise
- Intensify network collaboration to capture Greater China opportunities
- Drive market leadership in RMB business
- Drive balance sheet and capital efficiency
- Disciplined risk management



Corporate and Institutional Clients

US\$m
Income
Expenses
Working profit
Total impairments
Profit before tax

H1 13	H1 14	YoY%
926	952	3
(366)	(376)	(3)
560	576	3
(3)	(153)	na
557	423	(24)

Achievements

- US\$1bn of PBT in 2013 15% of Group PBT
- Well diversified client franchise
- Deep client relationships
 - "US\$1m income" accounts doubled in 5 years
 - Strategic solutions grew at 49% CAGR in 5 years
- Top 2 banks for RMB solutions

- Deepen client relationships leverage untapped cross selling opportunities from client ecosystem
- Further penetrate China client wallet
- Intensify network collaboration
- Strengthen RMB leadership across all products
- Redeploy RWA to improve profitability



Retail Clients

US\$m
Income
Expenses
Working profit
Total impairments
Profit before tax

H1 13	H1 14	YoY%
686	756	10
(323)	(342)	(6)
363	414	14
(68)	(73)	(7)
295	341	16

Achievements

- 23% of Group Retail Clients income in 2013
- Well executed high value (Priority and Business segments) strategy – around 50% of income
- Well positioned for mainland wealth Two-thirds of new Priority Banking clients from China
- Strong distribution capability 79 strategic branches, third party wealth mgmt product
- Significant digital penetration 40% digitally active

- Acquire and deepen relationships with High Value Segment
- Capture strategic regional opportunities
- Focus on meeting wealth management needs
- Become digital main bank



Commercial Clients

US\$m
Income
Expenses
Working profit
Total impairments
Total impairments Profit before tax

H1 13	H1 14	YoY%
259	214	(17)
(90)	(95)	(6)
169	119	(30)
(1)	(32)	na
168	87	(48)

Achievements

- 31% of Group Commercial Clients income in 2013
- Strong income growth in past 5 years
- Designated Greater China solution team
- Up tier client relationships and differentiate with strategic solutions, including RMB solutions
- Important source of deposits

- Leverage One Bank collaboration across segments and geographies
- Generate Middle Market and Medium Enterprise business synergy
- Build RMB leadership across all products
- Drive strategic business and new clients on-boarding



Private Banking Clients

US\$m
Income
Expenses
Working profit
Total impairments
Profit before tax

H1 13	H1 14	YoY%
58	70	21
(47)	(53)	(13)
11	17	55
-	-	na
11	17	55

Achievements

- Established clear value propositions across segments – HNW, UHNW
- Increase senior client coverage; improved revenue per relationship manager
- Early success in tapping internal client base
- Opened iconic "Forum" to capture wealth flow in the region

- Drive internal referrals
- Diversify products
- Improve relationship manager hiring and productivity
- Enhance platform and system



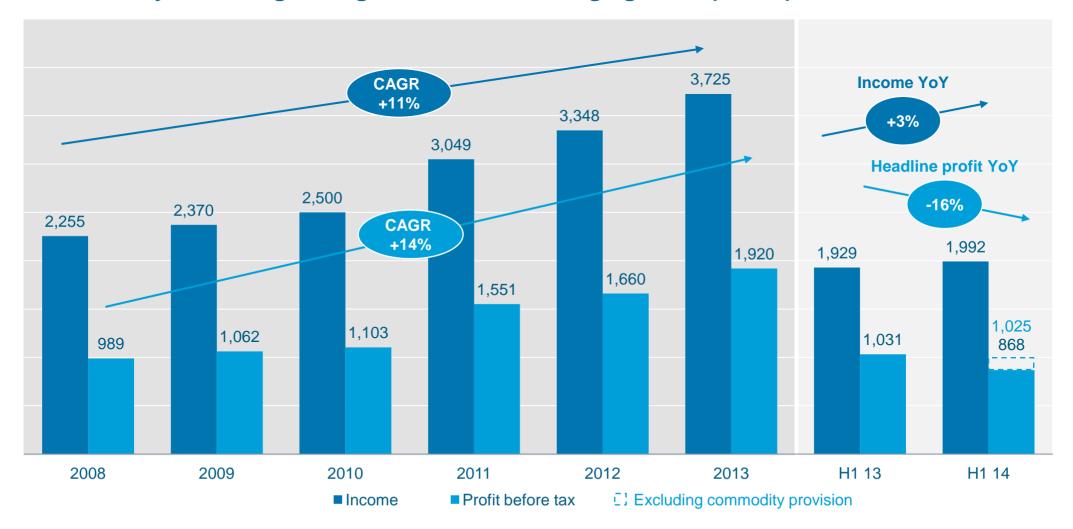




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Hong Kong – Historical performance

Consistently delivering strong income and earnings growth (US\$m)





Hong Kong – H1 14 results

A more moderate income growth, on the back of a reforming China

US\$m

Income¹

Expenses

Working profit

Total impairment

Profit before tax¹

H1 13	H2 13	H1 14	YoY%	НоН%
1,929	1,796	1,992	3	11
(826)	(840)	(866)	(5)	(3)
1,103	956	1,126	2	18
(72)	(67)	(258)	nm	nm
1,031	889	868	(16)	(2)

¹⁾ Excluding OCA adjustment



Well established franchise

Leverage our network, capturing Greater China opportunities

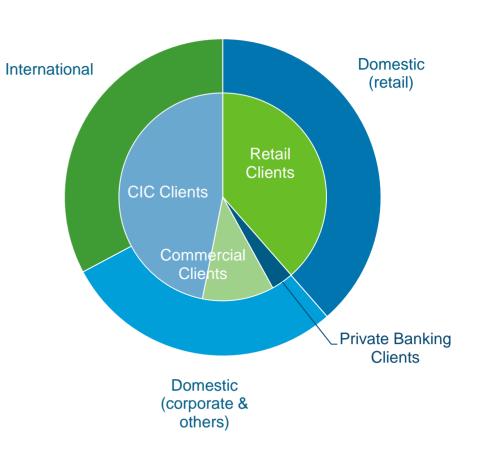
Product income (H1 14)

Own Account Wealth Management Deposits FM Sales (ex Cap Mkts) Capital Markets

Corporate

Finance

Segment client income (H1 14)





Unsecured

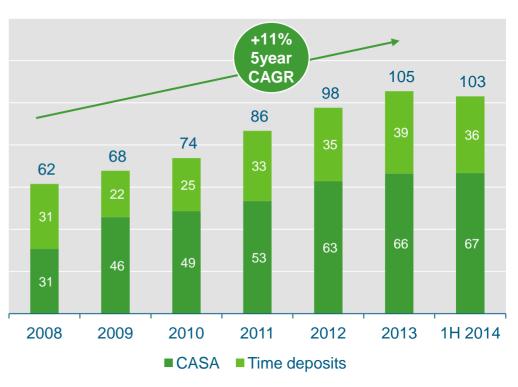
Lending

Balance sheet is in good shape

Customer loans (US\$bn)



Customer deposits (US\$bn)

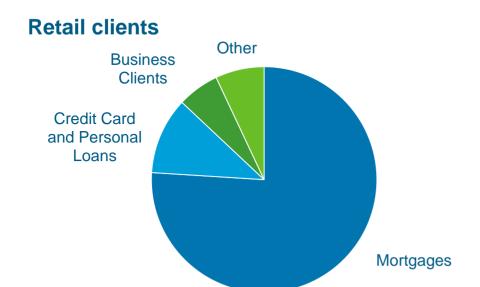


AD ratios	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	1H 14
Standard Chartered Hong Kong	45%	44%	58%	58%	54%	55%	62%
Market	54%	52%	62%	67%	67%	70%	74%

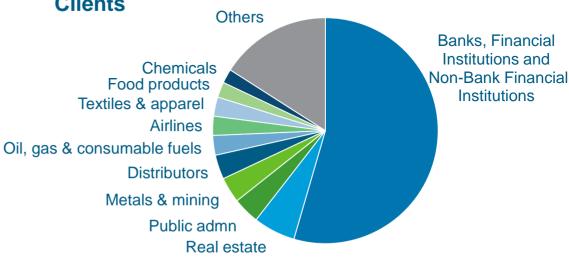
Source: Market - HKMA data



Discipline risk management







- 84% of portfolio secured
- Mortgage LTV 46%. Stable over time
- 92% of the unsecured portfolio categorised as low to very low risk
- CCPL as relationship product serving target customer segments

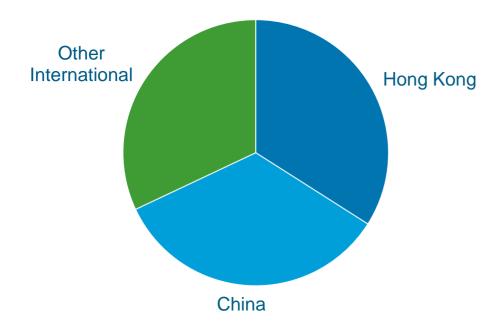
- Banks and Financial Institutions industry account for 55% of the portfolio. Of which, over 93% of EAD are investment grade clients
- No material risk concentration in industry within the Corporate portfolio
- Disciplined underwriting and continued stable market conditions contribute to good asset quality

Note: HK Financial Book with CG 1-11 as of Jun 2014



China exposure in Hong Kong

EAD breakdown by group domicile country



China – Corporate and Financial Institutions

- Represent 34% of total Hong Kong credit exposure
 - 73% investment grade
 - 83% with tenor less than 1 year
- 59% of overall China exposures are to sovereign and financial institutions, predominantly top rated banks
- 41% of overall China exposures are to corporate, of which
 - 69% with tenor less than 1 year
 - 62% of tenor over 3 years is secured
 - No material concentration
- Remain vigilant for signs of credit weakness

Note: HK Financial Book with CG 1-11 as of Jun 2014



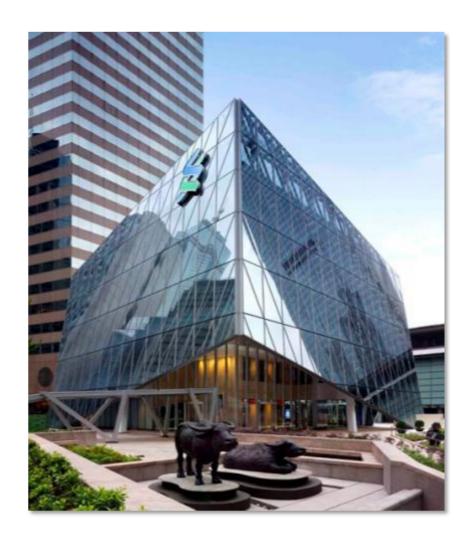


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- Greater China opportunities and collaboration underpin future growth









Key messages

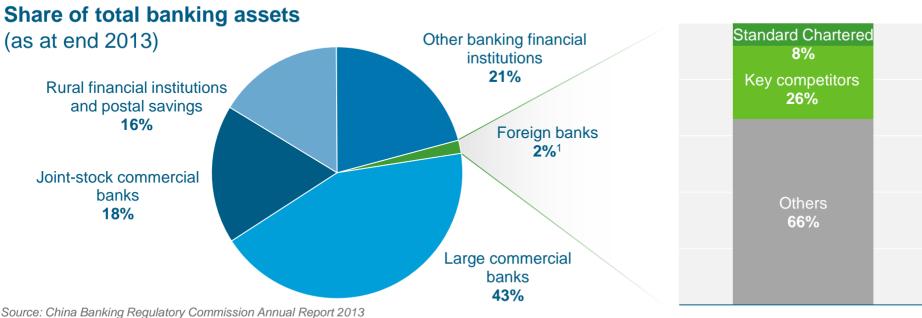
- Resilient performance supported by continued investments
- Managed slowdown China's growth story intact
- Opportunities from further liberalisation/ reforms
- Continue to drive network business
- Clear plan to tackle risks and challenges





Our China franchise

- Top tier foreign bank with continuous commitment since 1858
- Strong credit rating AA- (Standard & Poor)
- Market recognition as leading foreign bank for offshore RMB and cross border capabilities
- Strong balance sheet and liquidity management
- Comprehensive product suite



1) Number of locally incorporated foreign banks: 42; Number of branches of foreign banks: 92



Macro China picture / trends

GDP growth rate¹



High speed rail tracks (km)²

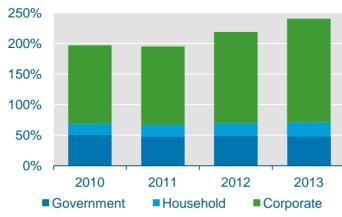


- Economic growth moderates with long term growth prospects intact
- Government has the ability to stimulate, if needed
- Acceleration in financial reforms towards a more domestic consumption and market-led economy
- Risks arising from economic transformation and cyclical challenges

Urban household income (RMB)³



Debt as % of GDP⁴



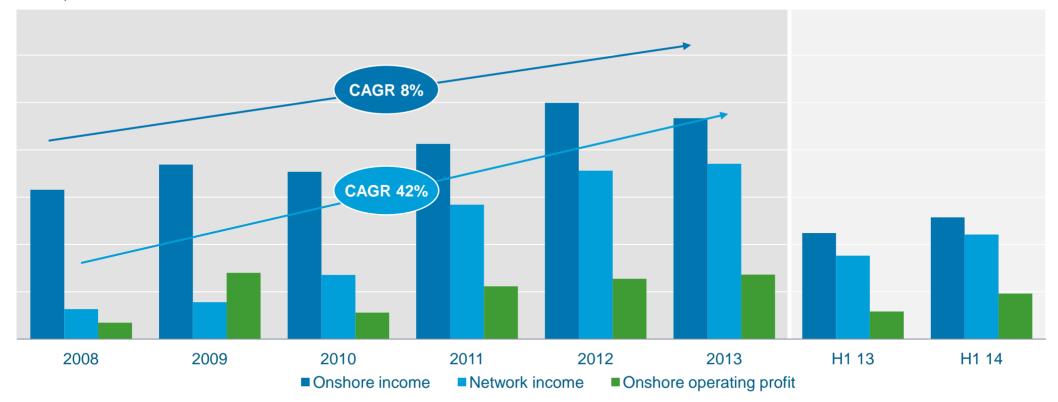
Sources: 1) National Bureau of Statistics; 2) www.cncrcc.com; www.chnrailway.com; www.railway-technology.com; 3) National Statistics Bureau; Standard Chartered Research; 4) Standard Chartered Research



Historical performance

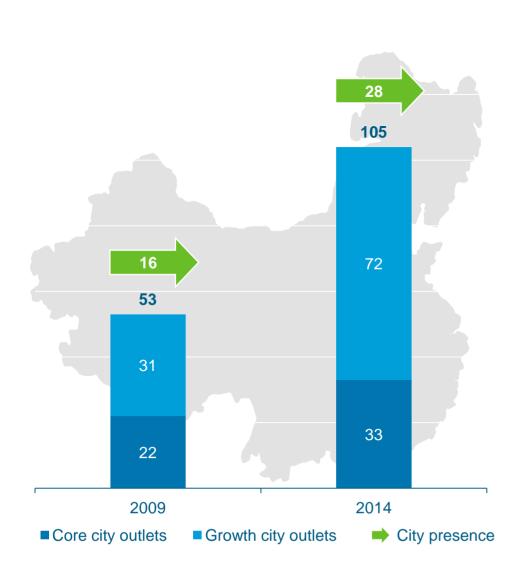
- Key contributor to the Group
- Network income up 25% from H1 13 to H1 14

US\$m





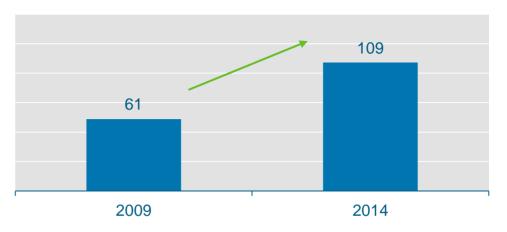
Investing for growth



Key investment programmes

- Outlet network expansion at pace
- Launched credit card in June 2014
- Technology enhancement to improve productivity
- Regulatory and compliance enhancement
- Digitalisation

Cumulative number of product licenses





- Broaden portfolio exposure in growth industries
- Grow high net worth clients via enhancing wealth and digital transaction capabilities.
- Connect China to our network with enhanced product capabilities
- Drive balance sheet momentum with discipline
- Stay alert and focused on asset quality management
- Accelerate our next generation of leaders and develop local talents



Corporate and Institutional clients

US\$m	H1 13	H1 14	YoY
Income	289	375	30
Expenses	(175)	(174)	1
Working profit	114	201	76
Loan impairment	(10)	(4)	60
Other impairment	(11)	-	100
Profit from associates	66	76	15
Operating profit	159	273	72

Progress made

- Strengthened overall country CIC management resources
- Built RMB leadership position
- Optimised use of capital enhanced RoRWA
- De-risking: Exposure to industries with overcapacity

- Concentrate on developing network revenue.
- Build sustainable and differentiated client portfolio
- Deepen local franchise build scale and capability
- Capture RMB internationalisation opportunities
- Expand and up-tier talent pool
- Optimise use of capital



Retail clients

US\$m
Income
Expenses
Working profit
Loan impairment
Profit from associates
Operating profit

H1 13	H1 14	YoY%	
138	133	(4)	
(171)	(166)	3	
(33)	(33)	-	
(13)	(14)	(8)	
7	8	14	
(39)	(39)	-	

Progress made

- Present in 24 cities across China with healthily growing client base
- Launched credit card in June
- Investment in digitalisation and infrastructure
- Sound risk control with stable balance sheet momentum
- Successfully executed cost saving strategy

- Grow high value segment clients who value our network advantages and footprint
- Sharpened focus on building core city scale
- Become digital main bank and invest in core product capabilities
- Ensure quality asset growth





Here for good



Key messages

Resilient performance with steady client income growth and diversified product mix

Liquid and diverse balance sheet

 Robust portfolio credit management with increased vigilance in a more challenging credit environment



Financial performance

US\$m

Income

Client income

Expenses

Working profit

Impairment

Profit from associates

Operating profit

H1 13	H2 13	H1 14	YoY%	НоН%
448	486	515	15	6
435	432	441	1	2
(383)	(370)	(371)	3	(0)
65	116	144	122	24
(21)	(33)	(35)	(67)	(6)
73	73	84	15	15
117	156	193	65	24

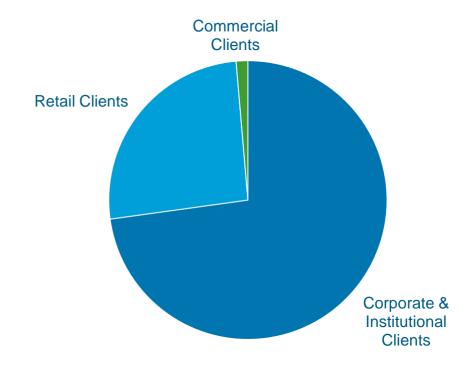


Diversified product income mix

H1 14 income by product



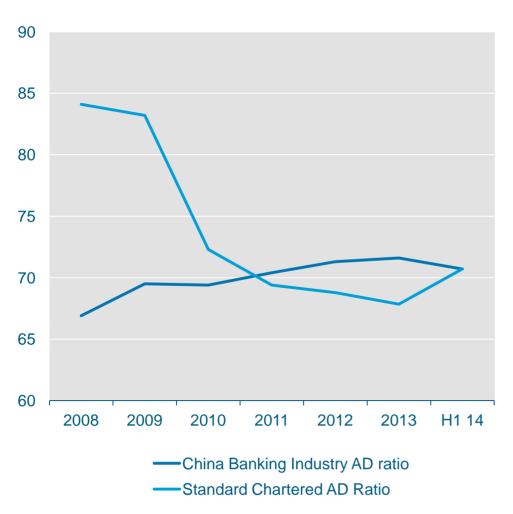
H1 14 income by segment



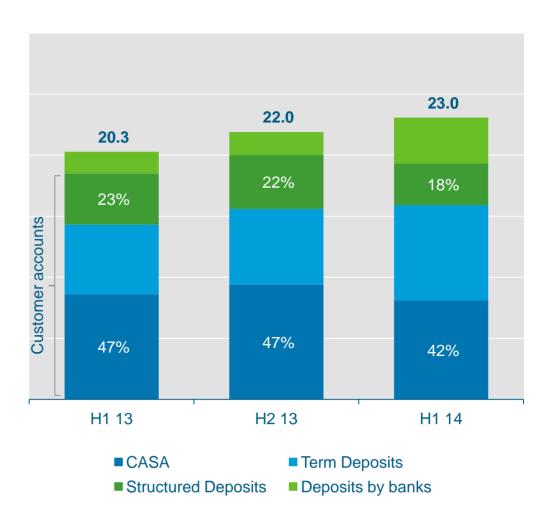


Liquid and diverse balance sheet

Advances to deposits (AD) ratio trend



Deposit structure (US\$bn)







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Key messages

Economic reforms being long term benefits, but also near term challenges

Portfolio remains short tenored, diversified, and well collateralised

Stepped up vigilance and positioning



Near term challenges

Risks arising from economic slowdown and reforms

Downward pressure in industries with overcapacity

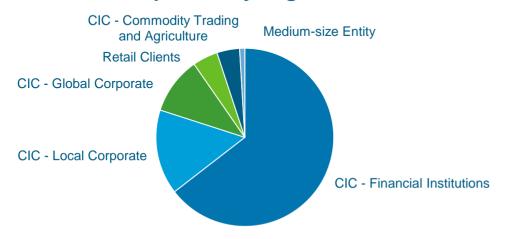
Increasing risk from fraud and shocks from anti-corruption campaigns

Rising industry-wide NPLs to dampen sentiments

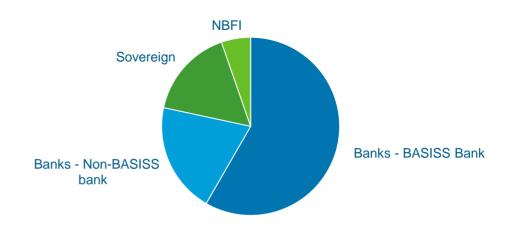


China exposure overview

CCR China exposure by segment



CCR China FI exposure



CCR China CIC exposure by product



CCR China CIC exposure by booking countries

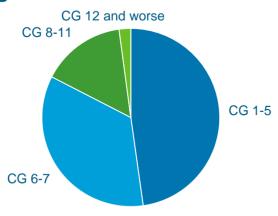


Note: CCR: Country of Credit Responsibility; BASISS: Banks of Systemic Importance with Sovereign Support; NBFI: Non Bank Financial Institutions

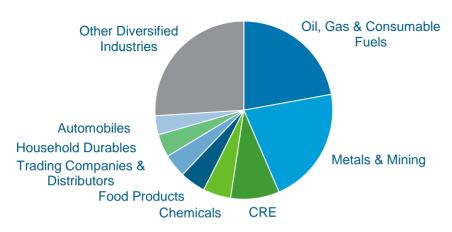


China corporate portfolio

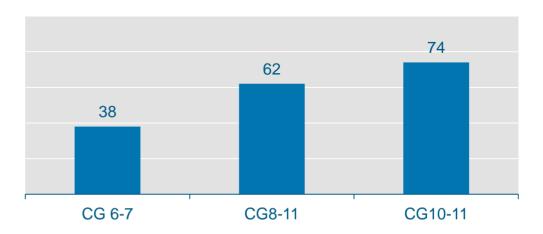
By credit grade



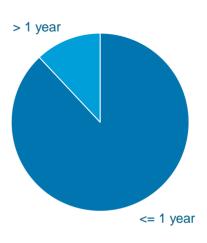
Industry concentration



Collateralisation ratio (%)



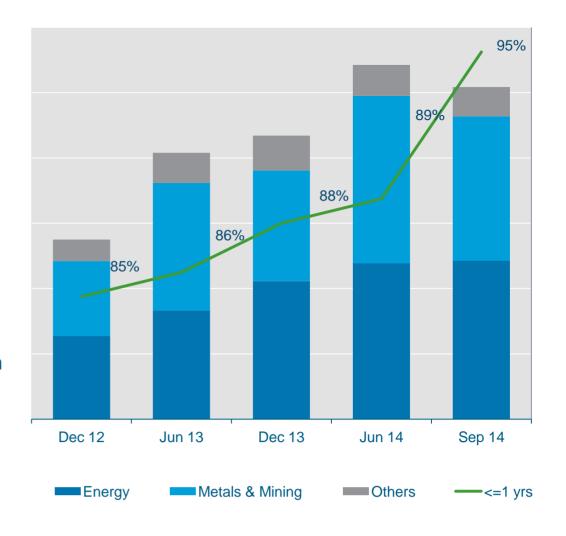
Tenor profile





China commodity portfolio

- China commodity portfolio
 - 95% < 1 year duration
 - 50% Investment grade
 - 48% to Energy (mainly SOE oil majors)
- De-risking Metals and Mining
- Addressing Qingdao warehouse fraud
 - Significant reduction in collateral backed financing in China since June 2014
 - All goods in China warehouses inspected with NO issue
 - Tightened collateral standards







Proactive and vigilant risk management

Reshaping industry distribution

- Scaling down industries with over-capacity
- Banking with the New China Economy

Tightened new name criteria & approval conditions

Proactive portfolio reviews and stress test

Credit Monitoring and Vigilance

- Effective Early Alert (EA) process
- Enhanced fraud detection & promoter screening process



CEO's closing remarks

Resilient performance supported by continued Investments

Managed slowdown - China's growth story intact

Opportunities from further liberalisation / reforms

Continue to drive network business

Clear plan to tackle risk and challenges



China Awards – 2014

























Q&A







Here for good

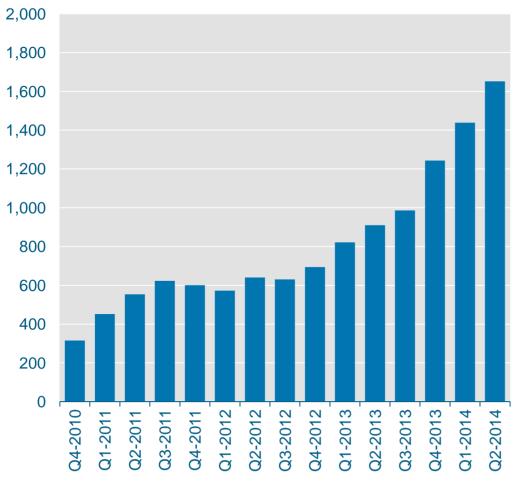
Key messages

- RMB is mainstream, but still huge upside potential
- We have a leading market position in RMB
- One bank collaboration sharpens our focus
- China liberalisation presents further significant opportunities
- RMB is increasingly part of our DNA and we are
 - Deepening relationships, leveraging share of mind
 - Investing in RMB capabilities with regulatory change
 - Maintaining a strong liquid RMB balance sheet

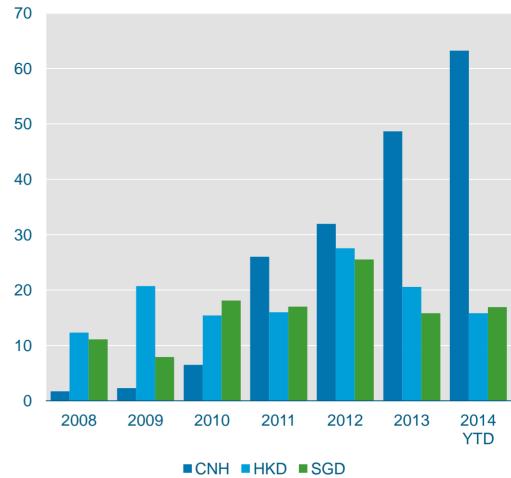


RMB is mainstream...

Offshore RMB deposits (CNH bn)



CNH bond issuance (US\$bn)



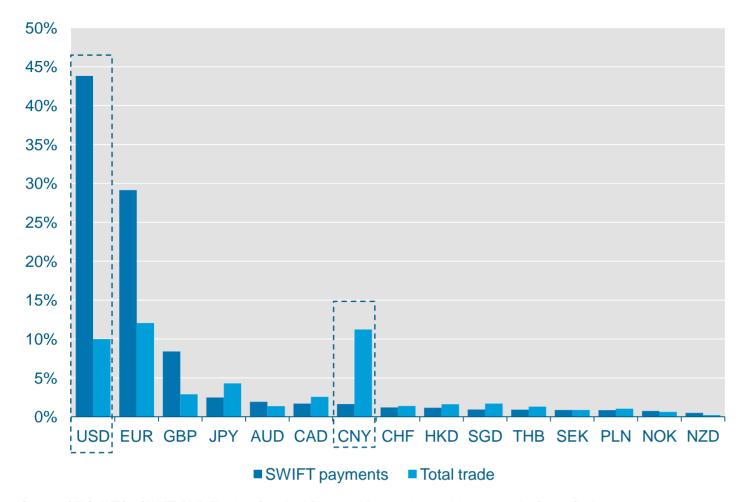
Source: Bloomberg as of 31 Oct 2014



Source: HKMA, MAS, FSC and BOK

...but with huge upside

Global share in trade/payments by currencies (%)



Source: CEIC, WTO, SWIFT RMB Tracker, Standard Chartered Research, special report on the Super Cycle Note: Trade under EUR excluding intra-EU trade



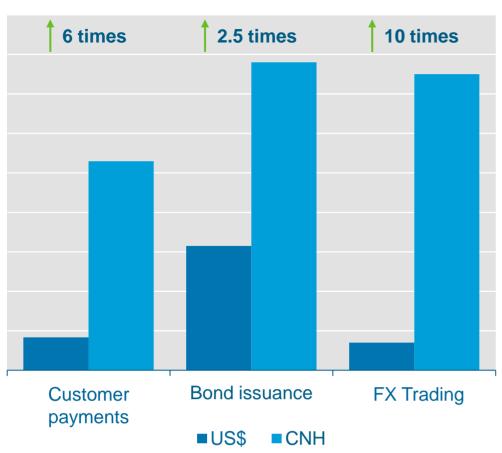
RMB in 2020

- RMB will be a G4 currency with US\$, Euro and GBP
- 28% of China's US\$10.8tr trade denominated in RMB
- 'Basically' open capital account and free floating RMB
- China's GDP at US\$21.8tr, while US' GDP at US\$23.3tr

Our market leadership in RMB

"Double-digit" market share

Standard Chartered's market share - CNH vs US\$



Source: SWIFT Watch, Bloomberg, Euromoney survey, Standard Chartered estimate

Competitive advantages

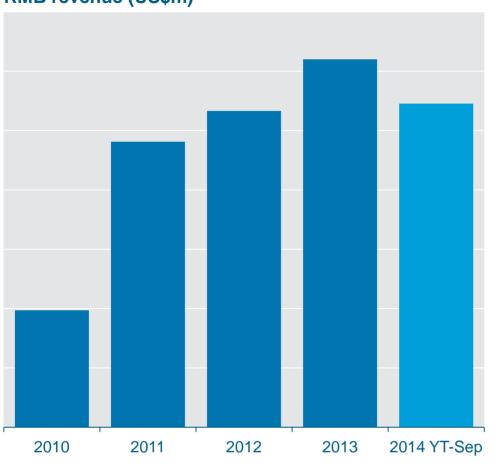
- International and Greater China presence
- Depth of capabilities across our network
- Close engagement with regulators
- Leading foreign correspondent bank in China
- Leading trading bank in CNH FX market
- Strong liquid RMB balance sheet



Diversified RMB business

Resilient revenue despite RMB depreciation in Q2 Diversified RMB business with various RMB

RMB revenue (US\$m)



Diversified RMB business with various RMB products and services offered

Financial Market	FX options
	Rates
	Equities
	Credit
	Foreign Exchange
	Commodity Derivatives
	Money Market and ALM
	Capital Markets
Transaction Banking	Cash Management
	Trade Finance and services
	Securities Services
Wealth	Wealth and Investments
Retail	Retail Deposits



Strategic priorities

 Be the first and best RMB solutions provider, continuing to deliver value to our clients

Growing RMB business faster than other businesses

- Deepen client relationships by leveraging RMB leadership
- Maintain strong liquid RMB balance sheet to support our business growth
- Shape policies and stay ahead in RMB capabilities

Balance sheet growth

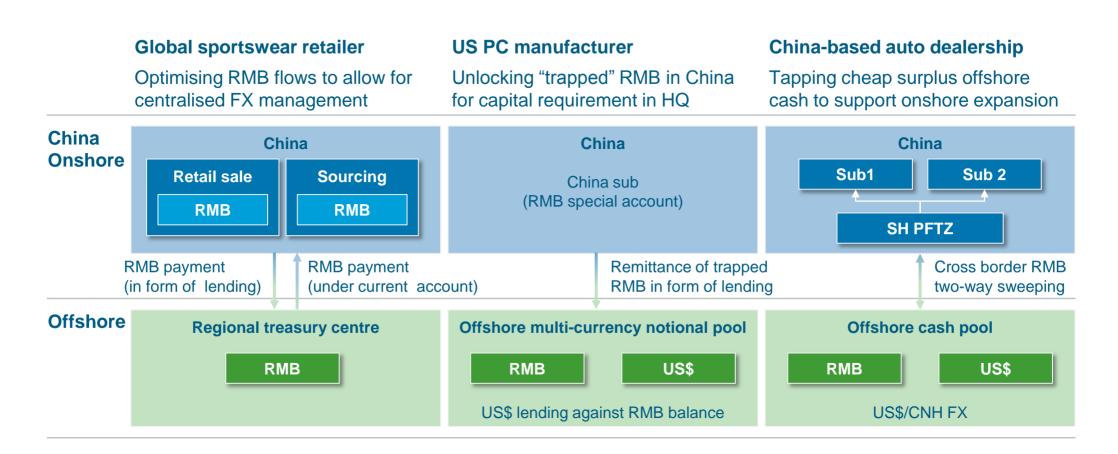
Hedging solution

Trade settlement and other payments

Capital market



First and best RMB solution provider for clients – enabling corporates to turn RMB internationalisation into competitive advantages

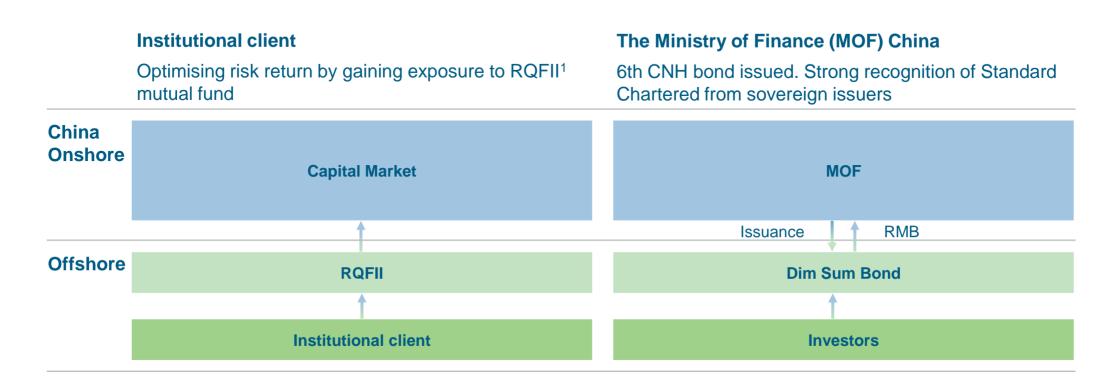


Significance to Standard Chartered

- Anchoring Standard Chartered as a RMB Go To Bank for relationship deepening
- Cross-selling opportunities to generate incremental revenue on FX, capital markets and cash



First and best RMB solution provider for clients – engaging investors, institutions and central banks to turn RMB into a competitive advantage



Significance to Standard Chartered

- Accessing Chinese markets for foreign investors
- RMB education and outreach for central banks/governments
- Full RMB financial markets services for financial institutions central banks
- Bespoke analysis, advisory, and strategic projects

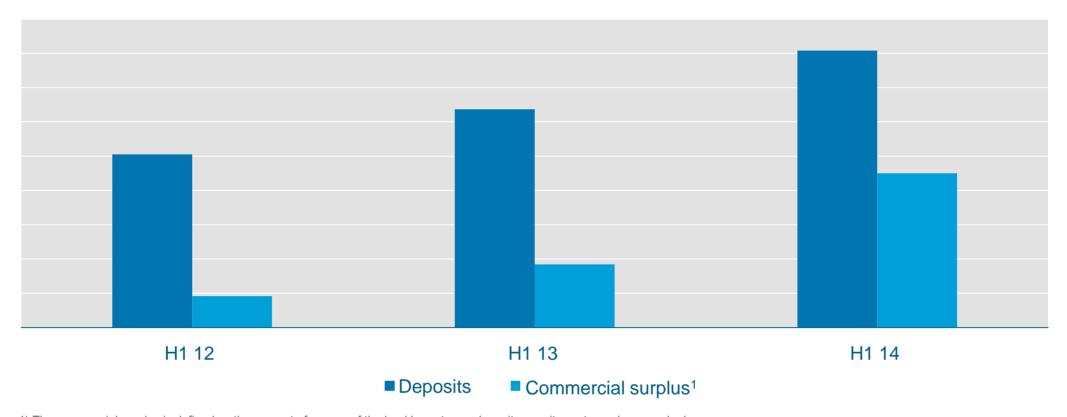
¹⁾ Renminbi qualified foreign institutional investors



Strong liquid balance sheet with quality deposit base

- Strong deposit base
- One RMB balance sheet

Standard Chartered global offshore RMB balance sheet growth



¹⁾ The commercial surplus is defined as the amount of excess of the bank's customer deposits over its customer loans and advances



China liberalisation presents opportunities for Standard Chartered

Regional treasury centres	 Integrating RMB as part of treasury management functions
Chinese corporates	 Fund raising, financing, hedging and working capital support for business expansion overseas
Global/Chinese investors	 New avenues for cross border investment, portfolio diversification
Central Banks/Sovereign	 Evolving new offshore centres, RMB as part of reserve capital
Deepening of capital market	 Increasing channels and quotas on a gradual basis
Commodity trading	 Next wave of trade redenomination, starting from gold, followed by iron ore and copper
Onshore/Offshore Market Convergence	 Expanding onshore access and leveraging international network



RMB is increasingly part of our DNA

- RMB is mainstream, but still huge upside potential
- We have a leading market position in RMB
- One bank collaboration sharpens our focus
- China liberalisation presents further significant opportunities











1) In 2012–2013, the "Best Renminbi Bank" award used to be called "Best Renminbi Trade Settlement Bank"





Q&A

