# Standard Chartered PLC Disclosure for Global Systemically Important Institutions (G-SIIs)

**31 December 2017** 



### Standard Chartered PLC

### Global Systemically Important Institutions (G-SIIs) Disclosures

### Background

In July 2013 the Basel Committee for Banking Supervision ('BCBS') published a framework, "Global systemically important banks: Assessment methodology and the additional loss absorbency requirements" which outlines the methodology for assessing global systemically important banks. The framework was published in response to a request from the Financial Stability Board ('FSB') as part of a series of measures aimed at raising the quality and quantity of capital in the banking system. The G-SIB framework established by the FSB and the BCBS is implemented in the EU via CRD IV and G-SIBs are referred to as Global Systemically Important Institutions ('G-SIIs').

The BCBS conducts an annual data gathering exercise as input into the methodology for assessing the systemic importance of banks in a global context. It includes the reporting of 12 indicators, grouped in five categories of systemic importance concerning size, interconnectedness, substitutability/infrastructure, complexity and cross-jurisdictional activity. The aim of the exercise is to increase capital requirements for institutions deemed systemically important and the requirement will vary depending on each bank's relative size.

The European Banking Authority ('EBA') published final draft regulatory and implementing technical standards ('RTS', 'ITS') and guidelines on the methodology and disclosures for G-SIIs on 13 January 2016. Furthermore, the BCBS published updated instructions for its annual data gathering exercise on 18 January 2018. Both publications require G-SIIs to publicly disclose the twelve indicators for the identification of a G-SII.

### Capital buffer requirements

G-SIIs are required to hold an additional buffer of Common Equity Tier 1 ('CET1') capital between 1% and 3.5%, depending on the score from the assessment methodology. The buffers ensure that G-SIIs maintain additional capital to absorb potential future losses. The G-SII buffer is being phased in from January 2016 and will be fully implemented by January 2019.

Standard Chartered PLC ('the Group') has been designated a G-SIB by the Financial Stability Board since November 2012 and has been categorised with a 1.0 per cent G-SII CET1 buffer which began to be phased in from 1 January 2016 and will be fully implemented by 1 January 2019. The buffer phases in at a rate of 0.25 per cent per year.

### Basis of preparation

The G-SII indicators for the Group at 31 December 2017 are presented below. The data has been prepared in accordance with the Group's interpretation of the instructions provided by the BCBS and EBA and, as such, may not be comparable with other disclosures. G-SII disclosures are made on a regulatory scope of consolidation, rather than an accounting basis, for most data points.

### General Bank Data

### Section 1 - General Information

a. General information provided by the relevant supervisory authority:

(1) Country code
(2) Bank name
(3) Reporting date (yyyy-mm-dd)
(4) Reporting currency

 (5) Euro conversion rate
 0.833819728

 (6) Submission date (yyyy-mm-dd)
 2018-04-30

GB

USD

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2017-12-31

b. General Information provided by the reporting institution:
(1) Reporting unit

(1) Reporting unit1000000(2) Accounting standardIFRS(3) Date of public disclosure (yyyy-mm-dd)2018-04-30(4) Language of public disclosureEnglish

(5) Web address of public disclosure investors.sc.com/fullyear

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### Size Indicator

Section 2 - Total Exposures  a. Derivatives  (1) Counterparty exposure of derivatives contracts  (2) Capped notional amount of credit derivatives  1,36	890 860
(1) Counterparty exposure of derivatives contracts7,39(2) Capped notional amount of credit derivatives1,36	60
(2) Capped notional amount of credit derivatives 1,36	60
(0) Detailed the second of the first second of	07
(3) Potential future exposure of derivative contracts 30,02	121
b. Securities financing transactions (SFTs)	0.7
(1) Adjusted gross value of SFTs 55,18 (2) Counterparty exposure of SFTs 13,23	
c. Other assets	
d. Gross notional amount of off-balance sheet items	
(1) Items subject to a 0% credit conversion factor (CCF)	373
(2) Items subject to a 20% CCF	
(3) Items subject to a 50% CCF 93,31 (4) Items subject to a 100% CCF 32,58	
e. Regulatory adjustments 6,33	
f. Total exposures indicator (Total exposures prior to regulatory adjustments) (sum of items 2.a.(1) thorough 2.c,	
0.1 times 2.d.(1), 0.2 times 2.d.(2), 0.5 times 2.d.(3), and 2.d.(4)) 766,60	808
Interconnectedness Indicators	
Section 3 - Intra-Financial System Assets \$ milli	lion
a. Funds deposited with or lent to other financial institutions  65,32	
(1) Certificates of deposit  b. Unused portion of committed lines extended to other financial institutions  11,58	
<ul><li>b. Unused portion of committed lines extended to other financial institutions</li><li>c. Holdings of securities issued by other financial institutions:</li></ul>	0
(1) Secured debt securities 3,4	
(2) Senior unsecured debt securities	268
(3) Subordinated debt securities	
(4) Commercial paper	0
(5) Equity securities 4,36 (6) Offsetting short positions in relation to the specific equity securities included in item 3.c.(5) 1,58	
d. Net positive current exposure of securities financing transactions with other financial institutions  3,4	
e. Over-the-counter derivatives with other financial institutions that have a net positive fair value:	0
(1) Net positive fair value	
(2) Potential future exposure  16,25	256
Intra-financial system assets indicator (sum of items 3.a, 3.b through 3.c.(5), 3.d, 3.e.(1), and 3.e.(2), minus 3.c.(6))	06
Section 4 - Intra-Financial System Liabilities \$ milli	lion
	11011
a. Funds deposited by or borrowed from other financial institutions:  (1) Deposits due to depository institutions  42,49	92
(2) Deposits due to non-depository financial institutions 87,60	
(3) Loans obtained from other financial institutions	0
b. Unused portion of committed lines obtained from other financial institutions	0
c. Net negative current exposure of securities financing transactions with other financial institutions  2,1	
d. Over-the-counter derivatives with other financial institutions that have a net negative fair value:  (1) Net negative fair value  16,30	0 805
(2) Potential future exposure	
e. Intra-financial system liabilities indicator (sum of items 4.a.(1) through 4.d.(2))	35
Section 5 - Securities Outstanding \$ milli	lion
a. Secured debt securities	0
b. Senior unsecured debt securities 19,5	
c. Subordinated debt securities	
d. Commercial paper 4,5	
e. Certificates of deposit	
f. Common equity g. Preferred shares and any other forms of subordinated funding not captured in item 5.c. 15,18	
h. Securities outstanding indicator (sum of items 5.a through 5.g)  114,62	

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Substitutability/ Financial Institution Infrastructure Indicators

Section 6 - Payments made in the reporting year (excluding intragroup payments)	\$ million
a. Australian dollars (AUD)	202,584
b. Brazilian real (BRL)	81,794
c. Canadian dollars (CAD)	171,240
d. Swiss francs (CHF) e. Chinese yuan (CNY)	63,889 4,567,861
f. Euros (EUR)	2,807,184
g. British pounds (GBP)	1,014,437
h. Hong Kong dollars (HKD)	3,442,403
i. Indian rupee (INR)	609,284
j. Japanese yen (JPY) k. Mexican pesos (MXN)	398,259 73,517
I. Swedish krona (SEK)	24,046
m. United States dollars (USD)	17,059,505
n. Payments activity indicator (sum of items 6.a through 6.m)	30,516,003
Section 7 - Assets Under Custody	\$ million
Assets under custody indicator	1,305,605
, access an access of managers	1,000,000
Section 8 - Underwritten Transactions in Debt and Equity Markets	\$ million
a. Equity underwriting activity	474
b. Debt underwriting activity	41,496
Underwriting activity indicator (sum of items 8.a and 8.b)	41,970
Complexity Indicators	
Section 9 - Notional Amount of Over-the-Counter (OTC) Derivatives	\$ million
a. OTC derivatives cleared through a central counterparty	2,220,059
b. OTC derivatives settled bilaterally	3,912,908
OTC derivatives indicator (sum of items 9.a and 9.b)	6,132,967
Section 10 - Trading and Available-for-Sale Securities	\$ million
a. Held-for-trading securities (HFT)	21,230
b. Available-for-sale securities (AFS)	111,375
c. Trading and AFS securities that meet the definition of Level 1 assets d. Trading and AFS securities that meet the definition of Level 2 assets, with haircuts	75,270 7,160
Trading and AFS securities indicator (sum of items 10.a and 10.b, minus the sum of 10.c and 10.d)	50,175
Section 11 - Level 3 Assets	\$ million
Level 3 assets indicator (Assets valued using Level 3 measurement inputs)	1,938
Cross-Jurisdictional Activity Indicators	
Section 12 - Cross-Jurisdictional Claims	\$ million
a. Cross-jurisdictional claims indicator (Total foreign claims on an ultimate risk basis)	596,073
Section 13 - Cross-Jurisdictional Liabilities	\$ million
a. Foreign liabilities (excluding derivatives and local liabilities in local currency)	303,324
(1) Any foreign liabilities to related offices included in item 13.a.	27,406
b. Local liabilities in local currency (excluding derivatives activity)	207,694
Cross-jurisdictional liabilities indicator (sum of items 13.a and 13.b, minus 13.a.(1))	483,612

Standard Chartered PLC (SC PLC) is headquartered in London where it is authorised by the UK's Prudential Regulation Authority (PRA), and Standard Chartered PLC Group and Standard Chartered Bank are regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) and the PRA. Within this document 'the Group' refers to Standard Chartered PLC together with its subsidiary undertakings. Throughout this document unless another currency is specified, the word 'dollar' or symbol \$ means United States dollar.