

global market brief

This reflects the views of the Wealth Management Group

macro strategy | 23 October 2015

This is an abridged version of the Global Market Outlook. Please contact your Relationship Manager for the full version of the report.

On track for a better Q4

- Equities rebounded strongly over the past month and may be on track for a seventh consecutive year of Q4 gains. Both fundamentals and technicals are now increasingly supportive. We favour adding to Euro area and Japan equities (FX-hedged).
- Recent data points to a mid-cycle slowdown, in our view, but nothing worse. The implications - supportive policy and contained bond yields - mean we would not delay adding to diversified income exposure.

Looking back...

Markets rebounded sharply over the past month. Diversified income assets, high yield and Asian currencies also rose. A reversal of bearish positions and high cash levels likely contributed to the moves.

Looking forward...

Growth and policy (by the Fed, ECB, BoJ and PBoC) remains supportive for our preferred asset classes. Unlike the pessimists, we see recent economic indicators as evidence of a mid-cycle slowdown, not signs of a possible recession. Euro area and Japanese policymakers are likely to stay very supportive. Fed governors continue to emphasise the data-dependent nature of policy decisions, but a bias to raise rates means the USD is likely to stay well-supported until the first rate hike, at least, though the outlook is less certain thereafter. (See page 3)

This is a positive outcome for diversified income assets. One key implication is that government bond yields are likely to remain well contained in the US, Europe and Japan. We see value in US corporate credit across high yield and, increasingly, investment grade. Low yields are also a support for high-dividend-yielding equities. (See pages 6-8)

Euro area, Japanese and US equities should continue to perform through Q4. This month's sharp equity market rebound suggests the tailwind from seasonality may help equity markets deliver positive Q4 returns for a seventh consecutive year. In addition, significant cash remains on the sidelines while valuations remain cheaper than in the Q1, despite the recent rebound. (See page 7)

Asian equities face similar seasonal support, with Q4 returns averaging 4% over the past 15 years. Chinese (H-share) and Indian markets have tended to be the strongest performers, having performed well in most Q4 periods in the past 15 years. (See page 7)

Policy events at the end of October are key milestones. The Bank of Japan is likely to decide on whether to stimulate further while a Fed update is due at its month-end meeting. China policymakers also meet to announce its next five-year plan. (See page 4)

Contents

On track for a better Q4	
Market Performance Summary	- 2
Investment Strategy	
Disclosure Appendix	2

Asset classes or strategies where we would add exposure today

Diversified income assets

Global high-quality equities

Euro area equities (currency-hedged)

Japan equities (currency-hedged)

Indian equities

Global banks

US High Yield bonds

Emerging Market Investment Grade Sovereign Bonds (USD-

Selling equity volatility to generate income

Steve Brice **Clive McDonnell** Manpreet Gill Adi Monappa, CFA Chief Investment Strategist Head, Equity Investment Strategy Head, FICC Investment Strategy Head, Asset Allocation & Portfolio

Audrey Goh, CFA Victor Teo, CFA Tariq Ali, CFA Abhilash Narayan

Arun Kelshiker, CFA Exec. Director, Portfolio Solutions Director, Portfolio Solutions Investment Strategist Investment Strategist Investment Strategist

Equity markets rebounded sharply in October MSCI AC World, MSCI World, MSCI Asia ex-Japan Index



Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

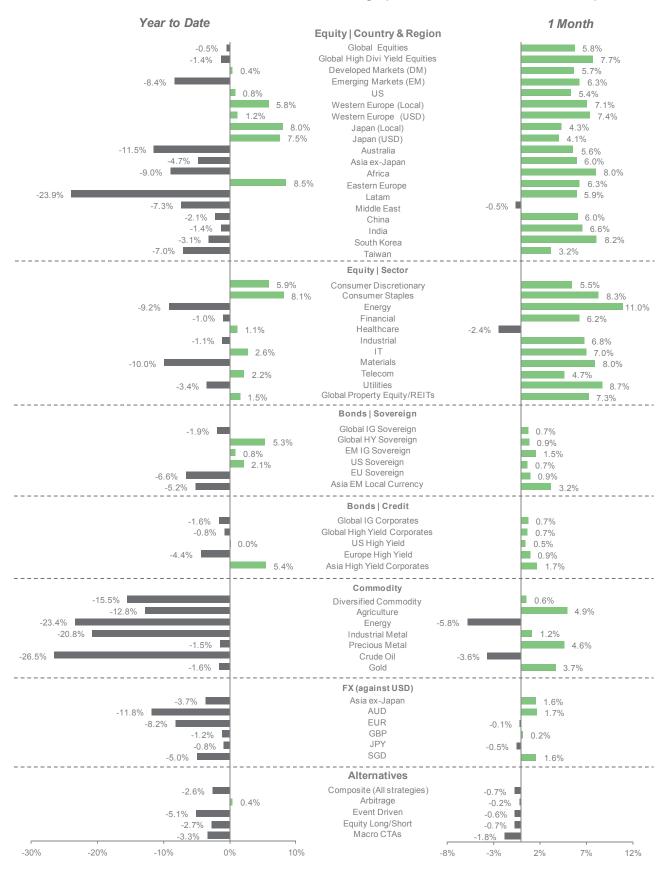
We have entered a seasonally positive period for equities Average USD returns since 1995 (m/m)



Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered



Market Performance Summary (Year to Date & 1 Month)*



^{*}All performance shown in USD terms, unless otherwise stated.

^{*}YTD performance data from 31 December 2014 to 22 October 2015 and 1-month performance from 22 September to 22 October 2015 Sources: MSCI, JP Morgan, Barclays Capital, Citigroup, Dow Jones, HFRX, FTSE, Bloomberg, Standard Chartered



Investment Strategy

- We still believe that concerns we are nearing the end of the cycle are overdone. Instead, a mid-cycle slowdown scenario appears more likely, which suggests US corporate credit spreads, in particular, offer value. More generally, this is a supportive environment for diversified income assets. We would not delay adding exposure.
- Supportive policymakers, seasonality and capped bond yields mean major equity markets may be on track for another strong Q4. Our comfort with this view has risen as markets have broken above key technical resistance thresholds (2040 on the S&P 500, 10,600 on the HSCEI).
- Rising risks of further policy easing in Japan and the Euro area should support the USD until the Fed starts raising rates.

Data does not support the pessimists, who cite a number of indicators in the US (such as falling S&P 500 profits and heightened inventories) and poor Chinese data as indications the cycle is ending. We disagree, as many traditional indicators of a possible recession are not flashing red (see table on right). This is most directly positive for US corporate credit, both investment grade and high yield, which appear priced for recessionary conditions (unjustifiably so, in our view).

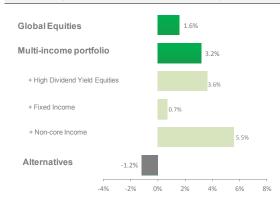
Our preferred asset classes remain good value. Global equities, for instance, fell over 15% through the summer, but have rebounded about 8.5% since. However, most of our preferred asset classes are still significantly cheaper than they were in late March (see chart on right). It is still not too late to add to our W.I.D.E.N. themes.

Implications for investors:

- Add to our preferred asset classes, starting with diversified income. The table on page 1 lists all our preferred asset classes, which we would add exposure to today. Diversified income is intentionally at the top of this list as it stands to benefit from slower growth, excessive recession worries and supportive policymakers.
- Staying exposed to preferred equity markets going into Q4 is key. The seasonal tailwind is a positive and the break above key technical resistance has further brightened the outlook. We continue to prefer the Euro area and Japan on fundamental grounds (staying FX-hedged). In Asia, we note both Chinese (H-share) and Indian equities have tended to be the strongest performers in Q4, and among the most consistent.
- Use rebound in Asian currencies to raise USD exposure.
 Continued policy divergence (easing in Asia and possible tightening in the US) means we expect the USD to remain supported until at least the first Fed hike. Asian currencies rebounded strongly, but weaker fundamentals mean we are reluctant to chase the rebound.

Our key investment themes rebounded over the past month

W.I.D.E.N. performance since Outlook 2015 publication*



* For the period 12 December 2014 to 22 October 2015 Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered * Income basket is as described in the Outlook 2015: A Year to W.I.D.E.N. Investment Horizons, Figure 60

US economic cycle indicators are mixed – pointing more to mid-cycle weakness than a recession

US recession checklist

Indicator	Signal
ISM new orders/inventories ratio	•
S&P 500 profits	•
High yield spreads	•
Lead economic indicator (LEI)	•
Yield curve	•
Labour market	•

Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

Most asset classes still cheaper than March despite market rebound, with one exception

Valuations relative to history



Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

Asset Class	Relative Outlook	Start Date
Cash	UW	Feb-12
Fixed Income	UW	Jan-11
Equity	OW	Aug-12
Commodities	UW	Dec-14
Alternatives	OW	Jun-13

Legend

Start Date - Date at which this tactical stance was initiated

OW - Overweight N - Neutral UW - Underweight

DM - Developed Markets

EM - Emerging Markets

	Sub-asset Class	Relative Outlook	Start Date
Cash		UW	Feb-12
Fixed Income	DM IG	UW	Jan-11
	EM IG	OW	Dec-14
	DM HY	OW	Aug-15
	EM HY	N	Dec-14
Equity	US	N	Feb-15
	Euro area	OW*	Jul-13
	UK	UW	Aug-15
	Japan	OW*	Nov-14
	Asia ex-Japan	N	Jul-15
	Other EM	UW	Aug-12
Commodities		UW	Dec-14
Alternatives		OW	Jun-13

*Currency-hedged

Source: Standard Chartered



Disclosure Appendix

This document is not research material and it has not been prepared in accordance with legal requirements designed to promote the independence of investment research and is not subject to any prohibition on dealing ahead of the dissemination of investment research. This document does not necessarily represent the views of every function within the Standard Chartered Bank, particularly those of the Global Research function.

Standard Chartered Bank is incorporated in England with limited liability by Royal Charter 1853 Reference Number ZC18. The Principal Office of the Company is situated in England at 1 Basinghall Avenue, London, EC2V 5DD Standard Chartered Bank is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and Prudential Regulation Authority.

In Dubai International Financial Centre ("DIFC"), the attached material is circulated by Standard Chartered Bank DIFC on behalf of the product and/or Issuer. Standard Chartered Bank DIFC is regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (DFSA) and is authorised to provide financial products and services to persons who meet the qualifying criteria of a Professional Client under the DFSA rules. The protection and compensation rights that may generally be available to retail customers in the DIFC or other jurisdictions will not be afforded to Professional Clients in the DIFC.

Banking activities may be carried out internationally by different Standard Chartered Bank branches, subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively "SCB") according to local regulatory requirements. With respect to any jurisdiction in which there is a SCB entity, this document is distributed in such jurisdiction by, and is attributable to, such local SCB entity. Recipients in any jurisdiction should contact the local SCB entity in relation to any matters arising from, or in connection with, this document. Not all products and services are provided by all SCB entities.

This document is being distributed for general information only and it does not constitute an offer, recommendation, solicitation to enter into any transaction or adopt any hedging, trading or investment strategy, in relation to any securities or other financial instruments. This document is for general evaluation only, it does not take into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation, particular needs of any particular person or class of persons and it has not been prepared for any particular person or class of persons.

Opinions, projections and estimates are solely those of SCB at the date of this document and subject to change without notice. Past performance is not indicative of future results and no representation or warranty is made regarding future performance. Any forecast contained herein as to likely future movements in rates or prices or likely future events or occurrences constitutes an opinion only and is not indicative of actual future movements in rates or prices or actual future events or occurrences (as the case may be).

This document has not and will not be registered as a prospectus in any jurisdiction and it is not authorised by any regulatory authority under any regulations.

SCB makes no representation or warranty of any kind, express, implied or statutory regarding, but not limited to, the accuracy of this document or the completeness of any information contained or referred to in this document. This document is distributed on the express understanding that, whilst the information in it is believed to be reliable, it has not been independently verified by us. SCB accepts no liability and will not be liable for any loss or damage arising directly or indirectly (including special, incidental or consequential loss or damage) from your use of this document, howsoever arising, and including any loss, damage or expense arising from, but not limited to, any defect, error, imperfection, fault, mistake or inaccuracy with this document, its contents or associated services, or due to any unavailability of the document or any part thereof or any contents.

SCB, and/or a connected company, may at any time, to the extent permitted by applicable law and/or regulation, be long or short any securities, currencies or financial instruments referred to on this document or have a material interest in any such securities or related investment, or may be the only market maker in relation to such investments, or provide, or have provided advice, investment banking or other services, to issuers of such investments. Accordingly, SCB, its affiliates and/or subsidiaries may have a conflict of interest that could affect the objectivity of this document.

This document must not be forwarded or otherwise made available to any other person without the express written consent of SCB.

Copyright: Standard Chartered Bank 2015. Copyright in all materials, text, articles and information contained herein is the property of, and may only be reproduced with permission of an authorised signatory of, Standard Chartered Bank. Copyright in materials created by third parties and the rights under copyright of such parties are hereby acknowledged. Copyright in all other materials not belonging to third parties and copyright in these materials as a compilation vests and shall remain at all times copyright of Standard Chartered Bank and should not be reproduced or used except for business purposes on behalf of Standard Chartered Bank or save with the express prior written consent of an authorised signatory of Standard Chartered Bank. All rights reserved. © Standard Chartered Bank 2015.

THIS IS NOT A RESEARCH REPORT AND HAS NOT BEEN PRODUCED BY A RESEARCH UNIT.